

Proxy Methods

Although the core proxy functionality is supplied by a language-specific base class, we can describe the proxy methods in terms of Slice operations as shown below:

Slice
<pre>bool ice_isA(string id); void ice_ping(); StringSeq ice_ids(); string ice_id(); int ice_getHash(); Communicator ice_getCommunicator(); string ice_toString(); Object* ice_identity(Identity id); Identity ice_getIdentity(); Object* ice_adapterId(string id); string ice_getAdapterId(); Object* ice_endpoints(EndpointSeq endpoints); EndpointSeq ice_getEndpoints(); Object* ice_endpointSelection(EndpointSelectionType t); EndpointSelectionType ice_getEndpointSelection(); Object* ice_context(Context ctx); Context ice_getContext(); Object* ice_defaultContext(); Object* ice_facet(string facet); string ice_getFacet(); Object* ice_twoway(); bool ice_isTwoway(); Object* ice_oneway(); bool ice_isOneway(); Object* ice_batchOneway(); bool ice_isBatchOneway(); Object* ice_datagram(); bool ice_isDatagram(); Object* ice_batchDatagram(); bool ice_isBatchDatagram(); Object* ice_secure(bool b); bool ice_isSecure(); Object* ice_preferSecure(bool b); bool ice_isPreferSecure(); Object* ice_compress(bool b); Object* ice_timeout(int timeout); Object* ice_router(Router* rtr); Router* ice_getRouter(); Object* ice_locator(Locator* loc); Locator* ice_getLocator(); Object* ice_locatorCacheTimeout(int seconds); int ice_getLocatorCacheTimeout(); Object* ice_collocationOptimized(bool b); bool ice_isCollocationOptimized(); Object* ice_connectionId(string id); string ice_getConnectionId(); Connection ice_getConnection(); Connection ice_getCachedConnection(); Object* ice_connectionCached(bool b); bool ice_isConnectionCached(); void ice_flushBatchRequests(); bool ice_invoke(string operation, OperationMode mode, ByteSeq inParams, out ByteSeq outParams);</pre>

These methods can be categorized as follows:

- Remote inspection: methods that return information about the remote object. These methods make remote invocations and therefore accept an optional trailing argument of type [Ice::Context](#).

- Local inspection: methods that return information about the proxy's local configuration.
- Factory: methods that return new proxy instances configured with different features.
- Request processing: methods that flush batch requests and send "dynamic" Ice invocations.

Proxies are immutable, so factory methods allow an application to obtain a new proxy with the desired configuration. Factory methods essentially clone the original proxy and modify one or more features of the new proxy.

Many of the factory methods are not supported by [fixed proxies](#), which are used in conjunction with [bidirectional connections](#). Attempting to invoke one of these methods causes the Ice run time to raise [FixedProxyException](#).

The core proxy methods are explained in greater detail in the following table:

Method	Description	Remote
ice_isA	Returns <code>true</code> if the remote object supports the type indicated by the <code>id</code> argument, otherwise <code>false</code> . This method can only be invoked on a twoway proxy.	Yes
ice_ping	Determines whether the remote object is reachable. Does not return a value.	Yes
ice_ids	Returns the type IDs of the types supported by the remote object. The return value is an array of strings. This method can only be invoked on a twoway proxy.	Yes
ice_id	Returns the type ID of the most-derived type supported by the remote object. This method can only be invoked on a twoway proxy.	Yes
ice_getHash	Returns a hash value for the proxy for C++. For other language mappings, use the built-in hash method.	No
ice_getCommunicator	Returns the communicator that was used to create this proxy.	No
ice_toString	Returns the string representation of the proxy.	No
ice_identity	Returns a new proxy having the given identity .	No
ice_getIdentity	Returns the identity of the Ice object represented by the proxy.	No
ice_adapterId	Returns a new proxy having the given adapter ID .	No
ice_getAdapterId	Returns the proxy's adapter ID , or an empty string if no adapter ID is configured.	No
ice_endpoints	Returns a new proxy having the given endpoints .	No
ice_getEndpoints	Returns a sequence of Endpoint objects representing the proxy's endpoints .	No
ice_endpointsSelection	Returns a new proxy having the given endpoint selection policy (random or ordered).	No
ice_getEndpointsSelection	Returns the endpoint selection policy for the proxy.	No
ice_context	Returns a new proxy having the given request context .	No
ice_getContext	Returns the request context associated with the proxy.	No
ice_facet	Returns a new proxy having the given facet name .	No
ice_getFacet	Returns the name of the facet associated with the proxy, or an empty string if no facet has been set.	No
ice_twoway	Returns a new proxy for making twoway invocations.	No
ice_isTwoway	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses twoway invocations, otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
ice_oneway	Returns a new proxy for making oneway invocations .	No
ice_isOneway	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses oneway invocations , otherwise <code>false</code> .	No

<code>ice_batc hOneway</code>	Returns a new proxy for making batch oneway invocations .	No
<code>ice_isBa tchOneway</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses batch oneway invocations, otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
<code>ice_data gram</code>	Returns a new proxy for making datagram invocations .	No
<code>ice_isDa tagram</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses datagram invocations , otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
<code>ice_batc hDatagram</code>	Returns a new proxy for making batch datagram invocations .	No
<code>ice_isBa tchDatag ram</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses batch datagram invocations , otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
<code>ice_secu re</code>	Returns a new proxy whose endpoints may be filtered depending on the boolean argument. If <code>true</code> , only endpoints using secure transports are allowed, otherwise all endpoints are allowed.	No
<code>ice_isSe cure</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses only secure endpoints, otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
<code>ice_pref erSecure</code>	Returns a new proxy whose endpoints are filtered depending on the boolean argument. If <code>true</code> , endpoints using secure transports are given precedence over endpoints using non-secure transports. If <code>false</code> , the default behavior gives precedence to endpoints using non-secure transports.	No
<code>ice_isPr eferSecu re</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy prefers secure endpoints, otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
<code>ice_compre ss</code>	Returns a new proxy whose protocol compression capability is determined by the boolean argument. If <code>true</code> , the proxy uses protocol compression if it is supported by the endpoint. If <code>false</code> , protocol compression is never used.	No
<code>ice_time out</code>	Returns a new proxy with the given timeout value in milliseconds. A value of -1 disables timeouts.	No
<code>ice_rout er</code>	Returns a new proxy configured with the given router proxy.	No
<code>ice_getR outer</code>	Returns the router that is configured for the proxy (null if no router is configured).	No
<code>ice_loca tor</code>	Returns a new proxy with the specified locator .	No
<code>ice_getL oocator</code>	Returns the locator that is configured for the proxy (null if no locator is configured).	No
<code>ice_loca torCache Timeout</code>	Returns a new proxy with the specified locator cache timeout. When binding a proxy to an endpoint, the run time caches the proxy returned by the locator and uses the cached proxy while the cached proxy has been in the cache for less than the timeout. Proxies older than the timeout cause the run time to rebind via the locator. A value of 0 disables caching entirely, and a value of -1 means that cached proxies never expire. The default value is -1.	No
<code>ice_getL oocatorCa cheTimeo ut</code>	Returns the locator cache timeout value in seconds.	No
<code>ice_col locatio nOptimized</code>	Returns a new proxy configured for collocation optimization . If <code>true</code> , collocated optimizations are enabled. The default value is <code>true</code> .	No
<code>ice_isCo llocatio nOptimiz ed</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses collocation optimization , otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
<code>ice_conn ectionId</code>	Returns a new proxy having the given connection ID .	No
<code>ice_getC onnectio nId</code>	Returns the connection ID , or an empty string if no connection ID has been configured.	No
<code>ice_getC onnection</code>	Returns an object representing the connection used by the proxy. If the proxy is not currently associated with a connection, the Ice run time attempts to establish a connection first.	No
<code>ice_getC achedCon nection</code>	Returns an object representing the connection used by the proxy, or null if the proxy is not currently associated with a connection.	No

<code>ice_connectionCached</code>	Enables or disables connection caching for the proxy.	No
<code>ice_isConnectionCached</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses connection caching , otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
<code>ice_flushBatchRequests</code> <code>begin_ice_flushBatchRequests</code>	Sends a batch of operation invocations synchronously or asynchronously.	Yes
<code>ice_invoke</code> <code>begin_ice_invoke</code>	Allows dynamic invocation of an operation without the need for compiled Slice definitions. Requests can be sent synchronously or asynchronously .	Yes

See Also

- [Request Contexts](#)
- [Oneway Invocations](#)
- [Batched Invocations](#)
- [Facets and Versioning](#)
- [Connection Timeouts](#)
- [Connection Establishment](#)
- [Using Connections](#)
- [Dynamic Invocation and Dispatch](#)
- [Asynchronous Dynamic Invocation and Dispatch](#)
- [Bidirectional Connections](#)
- [Glacier2](#)