

# Proxy Methods

Although the core proxy functionality is supplied by a language-specific base class, we can describe the proxy methods in terms of Slice operations as shown below:

## Slice

```

bool ice_isA(string id);
void ice_ping();
StringSeq ice_ids();
string ice_id();
int ice_getHash();
Communicator ice_getCommunicator();
string ice_toString();
Object* ice_identity(Identity id);
Identity ice_getIdentity();
Object* ice_adapterId(string id);
string ice_getAdapterId();
Object* ice_endpoints(EndpointSeq endpoints);
EndpointSeq ice_getEndpoints();
Object* ice_endpointSelection(EndpointSelectionType t);
EndpointSelectionType ice_getEndpointSelection();
Object* ice_context(Context ctx);
Context ice_getContext();
Object* ice_defaultContext();
Object* ice_facet(string facet);
string ice_getFacet();
Object* ice_twoway();
bool ice_isTway();
Object* ice_oneway();
bool ice_isOneway();
Object* ice_batchOneway();
bool ice_isBatchOneway();
Object* ice_datagram();
bool ice_isDatagram();
Object* ice_batchDatagram();
bool ice_isBatchDatagram();
Object* ice_secure(bool b);
bool ice_isSecure();
Object* ice_preferSecure(bool b);
bool ice_isPreferSecure();
Object* ice_compress(bool b);
Object* ice_timeout(int timeout);
Object* ice_router(Router* rtr);
Router* ice_getRouter();
Object* ice_locator(Locator* loc);
Locator* ice_getLocator();
Object* ice_locatorCacheTimeout(int seconds);
int ice_getLocatorCacheTimeout();
Object* ice_collocationOptimized(bool b);
bool ice_isCollocationOptimized();
Object* ice_connectionId(string id);
string ice_getConnectionId();
Connection ice_getConnection();
Connection ice_getCachedConnection();
Object* ice_connectionCached(bool b);
bool ice_isConnectionCached();
void ice_flushBatchRequests();
bool ice_invoke(string operation, OperationMode mode,
                ByteSeq inParams, out ByteSeq outParams);

```

These methods can be categorized as follows:

- Remote inspection: methods that return information about the remote object. These methods make remote invocations and therefore accept an optional trailing argument of type `Ice::Context`.

- Local inspection: methods that return information about the proxy's local configuration.
- Factory: methods that return new proxy instances configured with different features.
- Request processing: methods that flush batch requests and send "dynamic" Ice invocations.

Proxies are immutable, so factory methods allow an application to obtain a new proxy with the desired configuration. Factory methods essentially clone the original proxy and modify one or more features of the new proxy.

Many of the factory methods are not supported by [fixed proxies](#), which are used in conjunction with [bidirectional connections](#). Attempting to invoke one of these methods causes the Ice run time to raise `FixedProxyException`.

The core proxy methods are explained in greater detail in the following table:

Method	Description	Remote
<code>ice_isA</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the remote object supports the type indicated by the <code>id</code> argument, otherwise <code>false</code> . This method can only be invoked on a twoway proxy.	Yes
<code>ice_ping</code>	Determines whether the remote object is reachable. Does not return a value.	Yes
<code>ice_ids</code>	Returns the <a href="#">type IDs</a> of the types supported by the remote object. The return value is an array of strings. This method can only be invoked on a twoway proxy.	Yes
<code>ice_id</code>	Returns the <a href="#">type ID</a> of the most-derived type supported by the remote object. This method can only be invoked on a twoway proxy.	Yes
<code>ice_getHash</code>	Returns a hash value for the proxy for C++. For other language mappings, use the built-in hash method.	No
<code>ice_getCommunicator</code>	Returns the <a href="#">communicator</a> that was used to create this proxy.	No
<code>ice_toString</code>	Returns the string representation of the proxy.	No
<code>ice_identity</code>	Returns a new proxy having the given <a href="#">identity</a> .	No
<code>ice_getIdentity</code>	Returns the <a href="#">identity</a> of the Ice object represented by the proxy.	No
<code>ice_adapterId</code>	Returns a new proxy having the given <a href="#">adapter ID</a> .	No
<code>ice_getAdapterId</code>	Returns the proxy's <a href="#">adapter ID</a> , or an empty string if no adapter ID is configured.	No
<code>ice_endpoints</code>	Returns a new proxy having the given <a href="#">endpoints</a> .	No
<code>ice_getEndpoints</code>	Returns a sequence of <code>Endpoint</code> objects representing the <a href="#">proxy's endpoints</a> .	No
<code>ice_endpointSelection</code>	Returns a new proxy having the given <a href="#">endpoint selection</a> policy (random or ordered).	No
<code>ice_getEndpointSelection</code>	Returns the <a href="#">endpoint selection</a> policy for the proxy.	No
<code>ice_context</code>	Returns a new proxy having the given <a href="#">request context</a> .	No
<code>ice_getContext</code>	Returns the <a href="#">request context</a> associated with the proxy.	No
<code>ice_facet</code>	Returns a new proxy having the given <a href="#">facet name</a> .	No
<code>ice_getFacet</code>	Returns the name of the <a href="#">facet</a> associated with the proxy, or an empty string if no facet has been set.	No
<code>ice_twoway</code>	Returns a new proxy for making twoway invocations.	No
<code>ice_isTwoway</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses twoway invocations, otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
<code>ice_oneway</code>	Returns a new proxy for making <a href="#">oneway invocations</a> .	No
<code>ice_isOneway</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses <a href="#">oneway invocations</a> , otherwise <code>false</code> .	No

ice_batchOneway	Returns a new proxy for making <a href="#">batch oneway invocations</a> .	No
ice_isBatchOneway	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses batch oneway invocations, otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
ice_datagram	Returns a new proxy for making <a href="#">datagram invocations</a> .	No
ice_isDatagram	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses <a href="#">datagram invocations</a> , otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
ice_batchDatagram	Returns a new proxy for making <a href="#">batch datagram invocations</a> .	No
ice_isBatchDatagram	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses <a href="#">batch datagram invocations</a> , otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
ice_secure	Returns a new proxy whose endpoints may be <a href="#">filtered</a> depending on the boolean argument. If <code>true</code> , only endpoints using secure transports are allowed, otherwise all endpoints are allowed.	No
ice_isSecure	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses only secure endpoints, otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
ice_preferSecure	Returns a new proxy whose endpoints are <a href="#">filtered</a> depending on the boolean argument. If <code>true</code> , endpoints using secure transports are given precedence over endpoints using non-secure transports. If <code>false</code> , the default behavior gives precedence to endpoints using non-secure transports.	No
ice_isPreferSecure	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy prefers secure endpoints, otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
ice_compression	Returns a new proxy whose <a href="#">protocol compression</a> capability is determined by the boolean argument. If <code>true</code> , the proxy uses protocol compression if it is supported by the endpoint. If <code>false</code> , protocol compression is never used.	No
ice_timeout	Returns a new proxy with the given <a href="#">timeout</a> value in milliseconds. A value of <code>-1</code> disables timeouts.	No
ice_router	Returns a new proxy configured with the given <a href="#">router</a> proxy.	No
ice_getRouter	Returns the <a href="#">router</a> that is configured for the proxy (null if no router is configured).	No
ice_locator	Returns a new proxy with the specified <a href="#">locator</a> .	No
ice_getLocator	Returns the <a href="#">locator</a> that is configured for the proxy (null if no locator is configured).	No
ice_locatorCacheTimeout	Returns a new proxy with the specified <a href="#">locator cache</a> timeout. When binding a proxy to an endpoint, the run time caches the proxy returned by the locator and uses the cached proxy while the cached proxy has been in the cache for less than the timeout. Proxies older than the timeout cause the run time to rebind via the locator. A value of <code>0</code> disables caching entirely, and a value of <code>-1</code> means that cached proxies never expire. The default value is <code>-1</code> .	No
ice_getLocatorCacheTimeout	Returns the <a href="#">locator cache</a> timeout value in seconds.	No
ice_collocationOptimized	Returns a new proxy configured for <a href="#">collocation optimization</a> . If <code>true</code> , collocated optimizations are enabled. The default value is <code>true</code> .	No
ice_isCollocationOptimized	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses <a href="#">collocation optimization</a> , otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
ice_connectionId	Returns a new proxy having the given <a href="#">connection ID</a> .	No
ice_getConnectionId	Returns the <a href="#">connection ID</a> , or an empty string if no connection ID has been configured.	No
ice_getConnection	Returns an object representing the <a href="#">connection</a> used by the proxy. If the proxy is not currently associated with a connection, the Ice run time attempts to establish a connection first.	No
ice_getCachedConnection	Returns an object representing the <a href="#">connection</a> used by the proxy, or null if the proxy is not currently associated with a connection.	No

<code>ice_connectionCached</code>	Enables or disables <a href="#">connection caching</a> for the proxy.	No
<code>ice_isConnectionCached</code>	Returns <code>true</code> if the proxy uses <a href="#">connection caching</a> , otherwise <code>false</code> .	No
<code>ice_flushBatchRequests</code> <code>begin_ice_flushBatchRequests</code>	Sends a <a href="#">batch</a> of operation invocations synchronously or asynchronously.	Yes
<code>ice_invoke</code> <code>begin_ice_invoke</code>	Allows dynamic invocation of an operation without the need for compiled Slice definitions. Requests can be sent <a href="#">synchronously</a> or <a href="#">asynchronously</a> .	Yes

## See Also

- [Request Contexts](#)
- [Oneway Invocations](#)
- [Batched Invocations](#)
- [Facets and Versioning](#)
- [Connection Timeouts](#)
- [Connection Establishment](#)
- [Using Connections](#)
- [Dynamic Invocation and Dispatch](#)
- [Asynchronous Dynamic Invocation and Dispatch](#)
- [Bidirectional Connections](#)
- [Glacier2](#)