

Ruby Mapping for Dictionaries



Here is the definition of our [EmployeeMap](#) once more:

Slice

```
dictionary<long, Employee> EmployeeMap;
```

As for [sequences](#), the Ruby mapping does not create a separate named type for this definition. Instead, *all* dictionaries are simply instances of Ruby's hash collection type. For example:

Ruby

```
em = {}

e = Employee.new
e.number = 31
e.firstName = "James"
e.lastName = "Gosling"

em[e.number] = e
```

The Ice run time validates the elements of a dictionary to ensure that they are compatible with the declared type; a `TypeError` exception is raised if an incompatible type is encountered.

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See Also

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